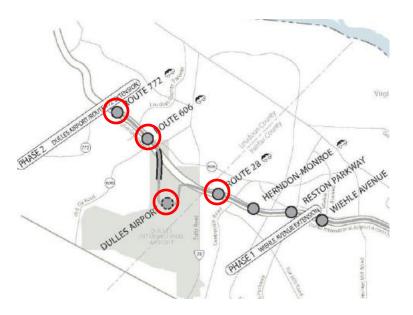
#### Market and Fiscal Impact Analysis of the Phase 2 Metrorail Extension to Loudoun County

Loudoun County | April 19, 2011



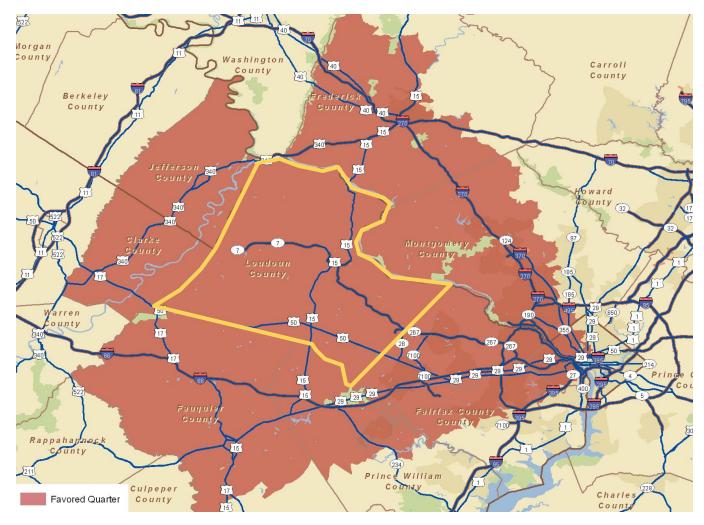
# BACKGROUND AND OBJECTIVES

- RCLCO (Robert Charles Lesser & Co.) is a national real estate advisory firm based in Bethesda
- Loudoun County selected RCLCO to analyze development and fiscal impact of proposed Phase 2 Metrorail extension
- Major tasks included:
  - 30-year forecasts of commercial and residential development at countywide, subcounty, and rail station area levels under 2 scenarios:
    - "Baseline" assumes completion of the Phase 1 Extension
    - "Phase 2 Extension" assumes completion of the Phase 2 Extension
  - Fiscal impact analysis of development at each station area and countywide, under each scenario





#### LOUDOUN WILL GROW WITH OR WITHOUT PHASE 2 COUNTY IS IN THE CENTER OF THE "FAVORED QUARTER"



- Higher-end housing and office development concentrated in Favored Quarter
- Greater economic activity makes
  Favored Quarter an attractive location for development
- COG projects 44% of household growth and 48% of job growth will occur in Favored Quarter over next 20 years

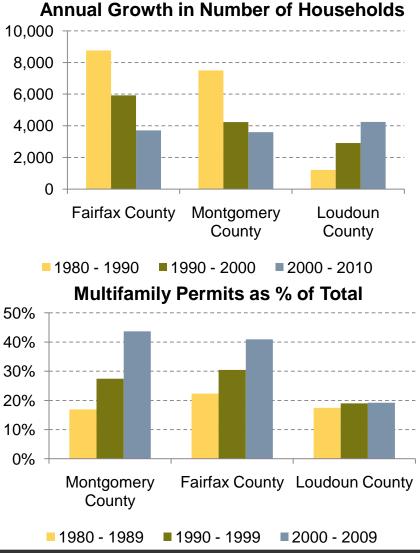
#### BUT RAIL EXTENSION WILL HAVE AN IMPACT RAIL REDISTRIBUTES DEVELOPMENT WITHIN A REGION

- Rail extensions do not cause net new development in a metro region
- Rail service does affect development locations within and between counties
- Station areas are attractive sites for development
  - Proximity to rail improves accessibility for residents and employees
  - Higher gas prices and traffic congestion make transit accessibility even more valuable
- Development concentrates around station areas and occurs faster than elsewhere—particularly within ½ mile
- Denser and higher value development is likely around transit stations
- Property values and rents are higher near Metro stations—in range of 5%-20%



#### AS COUNTIES MATURE, GROWTH SLOWS NEW DEVELOPMENT BECOMES MORE URBAN

- Growth in the region will result in Loudoun following patterns of closer-in counties such as Fairfax
  - Continued rapid growth, but decreasing share of metro area total
  - Increasingly urban
  - Increasing % of housing units will be multifamily
  - Increasing % of employment growth will be in office



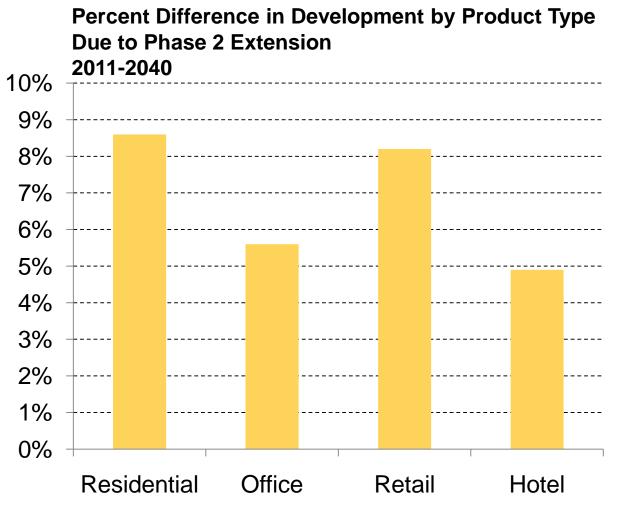


## FISCAL IMPACT MODEL

- Updated fiscal impact model developed in 2002 for Moorefield Station approval process
- Includes all revenues and non-capital expenditures associated with real estate development
  - Does not include capital costs or Metro operating costs
- Analyzed impact of development at each station area under Baseline and Phase 2 scenarios
- Also analyzed difference in fiscal impact between Baseline and Phase 2 scenarios countywide
  - Only counts "net new" development in Loudoun County due to Phase 2 Extension
- Model takes account of changes in amount of development, property values, rents, and sales due to the Phase 2 Extension
- Results in 2010 constant dollars



# TOTAL COUNTY DIFFERENCE



- 4,798 residential units
- 1,039,000 square feet of office development
- 647,000 square feet of retail development

> 219 hotel rooms

## **RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT FORECAST**

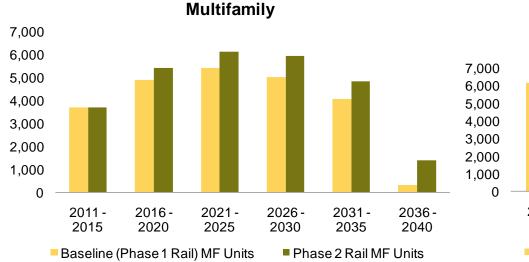
#### New Residential Development Forecast by Planning Subarea and Station Area, 2011-2040

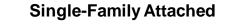
	Baseline	Phase 2	Difference
Ashburn	15,731	19,195	22%
Rt. 606 Station	0	0	0%
Rt. 772 Station	5,303	8,788	66%
Dulles	19,354	19,376	0%
Leesburg	4,562	4,567	0%
Northwest	1,698	1,728	2%
Potomac	627	628	0%
Route 15 North	1,957	1,957	0%
Route 15 South	1,442	1,442	0%
Route 7 West	3,760	3,761	0%
Southwest	718	730	2%
Sterling	6,041	7,304	21%
Route 28 Station	0	1,265	N/A
Countywide	55,890	60,688	9%
Station Areas	5,303	10,053	90%

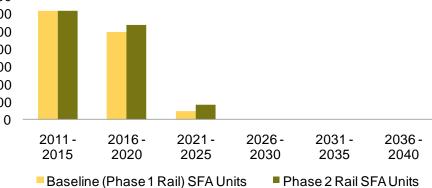
- Phase 2 Extension increases housing forecast by 9% (4,798 units) countywide
- Residential demand is limited by capacity constraints
- 99% of added housing units projected to be near Metro stations, due to density bonuses
- Units within ½ mile of Metro projected to receive a 10%-15% value premium and generate less school enrollment



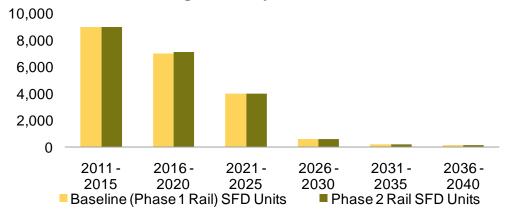
### **RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT FORECAST**







**Single-Family Detached** 





## OFFICE DEVELOPMENT FORECAST

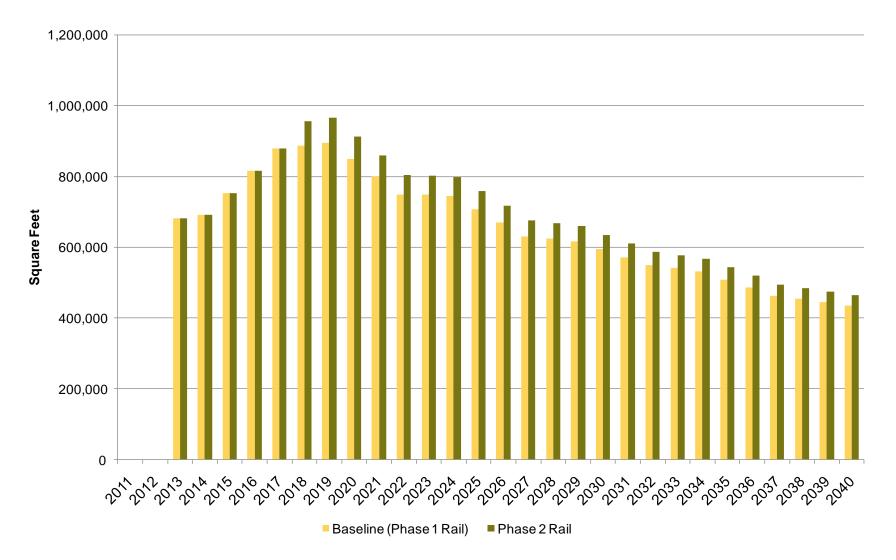
#### Office Development Forecast by Corridor and Station Area, 2011-2040 (Square Feet)

	Baseline	Phase 2	Difference
Route 7	4,235,000	3,147,000	-26%
Route 28	4,581,000	5,359,000	17%
Station Area	1,832,000	2,792,000	52%
Route 50	550,000	550,000	0%
Route 267	3,130,000	4,270,000	36%
Station Area	1,252,000	2,459,000	96%
Route 606	1,664,000	2,234,000	34%
Station Area	1,081,000	1,616,000	49%
Route 625	2,418,000	2,055,000	-15%
Other	1,745,000	1,747,000	0%
County Total	18,323,000	19,362,000	6%
Station Areas Total	4,165,000	6,867,000	65%

- Phase 2 Extension increases office development forecast by 6% (1.039M sq. ft.) countywide
- Impact at station areas (65%) much greater due to redistribution of office development within county
- 10%-15% value and rent premium within ½ mile of Metro



### OFFICE DEVELOPMENT FORECAST





### **RETAIL DEVELOPMENT FORECAST**

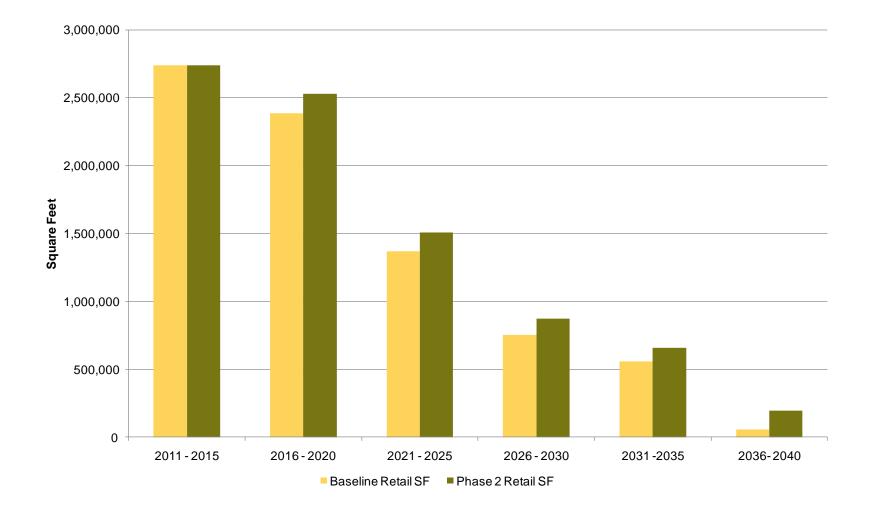
#### Retail Development Forecast by Planning Subarea and Station Area, 2011-2040 (Square Feet)

	Baseline	Phase 2	Difference
Ashburn	2,370,600	2,746,980	16%
Route 606 Station Area	47,000	82,000	74%
Route 772 Station Area	95,000	192,000	102%
Dulles	2,556,720	2,615,080	2%
Leesburg	631,990	676,010	7%
Northwest	0	0	0%
Potomac	78,540	85,010	8%
Route 15 North	78,540	85,010	8%
Route 15 South	78,540	85,010	8%
Route 7 West	283,420	295,650	4%
Southwest	0	0	0%
Sterling	1,775,650	1,912,250	8%
Route 28 Station Area	284,000	344,000	21%
County Total	7,854,000	8,501,000	8%
Station Area Total	426,000	618,000	45%

- Phase 2 Extension increases retail development forecast by 8% (647,000 sq. ft.) countywide
- Retail development is tied to household growth
- Retail in station areas projected to be primarily town center retail
- 0%-4% value, rent and sales premium within ½ mile of Metro



#### **RETAIL DEVELOPMENT FORECAST**





## HOTEL DEVELOPMENT FORECAST

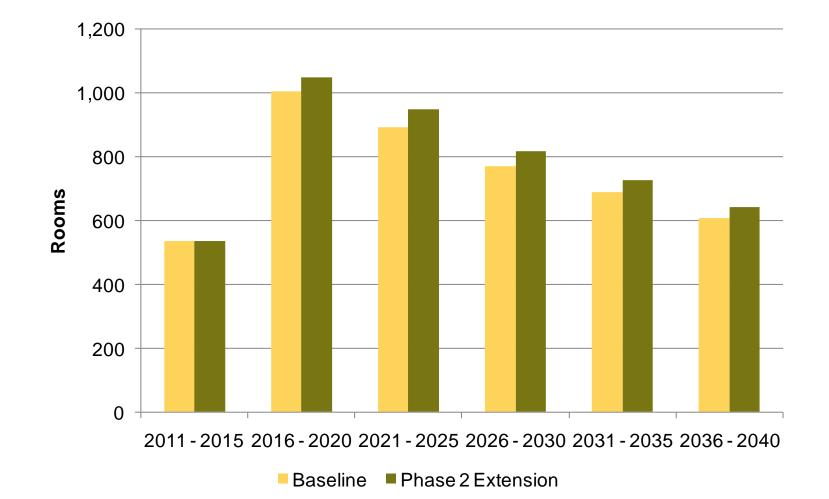
#### Hotel Development Forecast by Planning Subarea and Station Area, 2011-2040 (No. of Rooms)

	Baseline	Phase 2	Difference
Route 7	450	472	5%
Route 28	1,801	1,416	-21%
Station Area	540	779	44%
Route 50	225	236	5%
Route 267	675	944	40%
Route 772 Station Area	439	708	61%
Route 606	675	944	40%
Station Area	405	661	63%
Route 625	225	236	5%
Other	450	472	5%
County Total	4,501	4,720	5%
Station Areas	1,384	2,147	55%

- Phase 2 Extension increases hotel development forecast by 5% (219 rooms) countywide
- Hotel development driven primarily by office development
- Hotel development will concentrate near Metro stations
- 5%-10% value and room rate premium within ½ mile of Metro

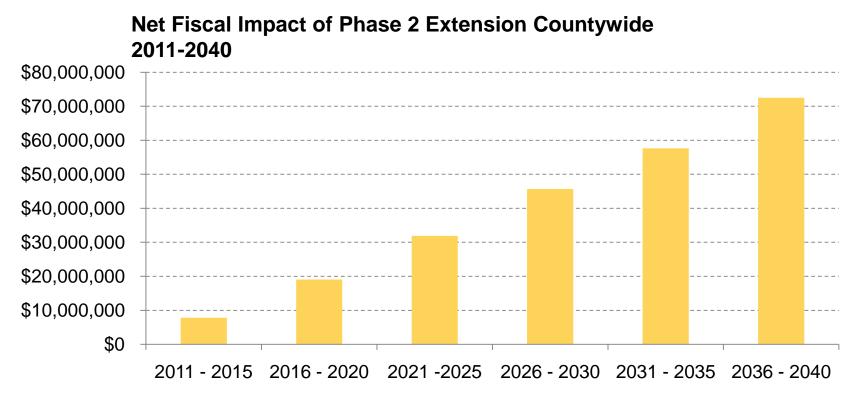


### HOTEL DEVELOPMENT FORECAST





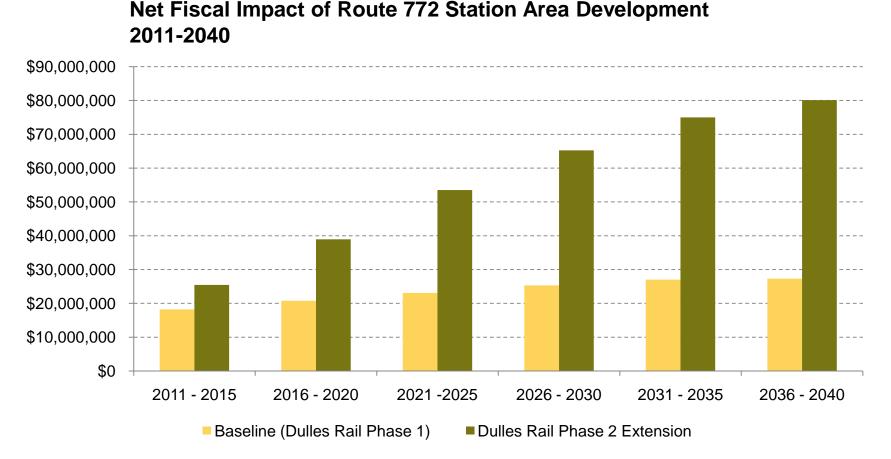
#### COUNTYWIDE NET FISCAL IMPACT OF PH. 2 RAIL COUNTS ONLY "NET NEW" DEVELOPMENT



- ▶ Total revenues associated with net new development: \$542,668,000
- Total expenditures associated with net new development: \$308,111,000
- ▶ Total net fiscal impact estimated to be \$234,577,000 in 2010 dollars



### **ROUTE 772 STATION AREA**

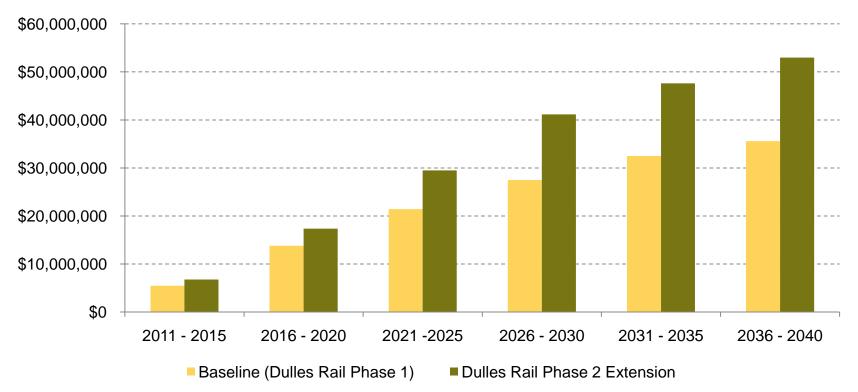


 Total net fiscal impact of Phase 2 Extension estimated to be \$196,576,000 in 2010 dollars



### **ROUTE 28 STATION AREA**

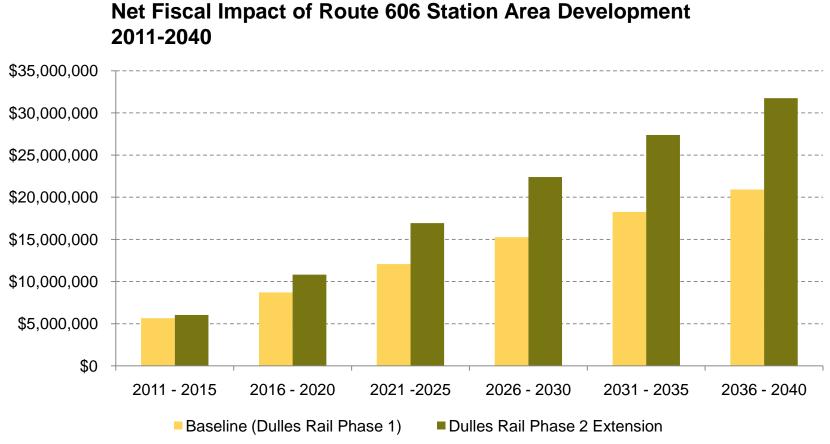
Net Fiscal Impact of Route 28 Station Area Development 2011-2040



 Total net fiscal impact of Phase 2 Extension estimated to be \$59,097,000 in 2010 dollars



### **ROUTE 606 STATION AREA**



Total net fiscal impact of Phase 2 Extension estimated to be \$34,410,000 in 2010 dollars



#### Market and Fiscal Impact Analysis of the Phase 2 Metrorail Extension to Loudoun County

Loudoun County | April 19, 2011

